

Central Asia Gold

August 30, 2006

Central Asia Gold AB (publ)

Interim six month report for the period January 1 - June 30, 2006

- Decision taken to complete the acquisition of the new gold deposit in Siberia, “Kopylovskoye”.
- Total Artelj Tyva gold production during the first 8 months of the year was approximately 165 kg (5,300 oz). As at June 30, the corresponding figure was 23 kg (700 oz). None of this gold was sold during the first six months.
- The production of high grade gold concentrates in the Kopto plant amounted to 20 kg (650 oz) during the first 6 months of 2006. During July – August 2006 another 10 kg of gold concentrates were produced at Kopto.
- The Tardan gravimetric processing plant is now about to be installed. Scheduled production start according to plan by the end of this year.
- Experimental leaching plant almost completed on the Kopto deposit.
- Consolidated revenues for the 6-month period amounted to MSEK 9.98 (MSEK 7.07), whereof MSEK 4.23 during the second quarter (MSEK 4.39).
- The net result after tax for the reporting period was MSEK –12.71 (MSEK 0.44), whereof MSEK -11.10 during the second quarter (MSEK 0.10). An exchange rate loss of MSEK -7.27 is included in the six month net result.
- EPS was SEK -0.055 for the reporting period (SEK 0.003). For the quarter April – June 2006 EPS was SEK -0.048 (SEK 0.001).

Background

Central Asia Gold AB (“CAG AB”) is a Swedish junior mining company with operations in Eastern Siberia, Russia. The group structure consists of the Swedish joint stock parent company, that in its turn controls two wholly-owned Russian subsidiaries of the limited liability type. Further, the subsidiary OOO Tardan Gold owns three other subsidiaries. The

first, OOO Mars, is owned 50% and contains vehicles and equipment. The second one, the alluvial gold producer OOO Artelj Tyva, is owned 99.8%. Lastly, OOO Tardan Gold owns the subsidiary OOO Perspektiva, that is a company without significant assets used by the Central Asia Gold group as a vehicle when participating in public privatization auctions in Russia.

The operations involve exploration and production of gold, currently mainly in the Tyva region bordering to Mongolia.

The group's main assets comprise four mineral licenses held by the various subsidiaries. The licenses as at early January 2006 encompass some 333,000 troy ounces ("oz") of gold reserves according to the Russian C1+C2 categories, as well as 215,000 oz of P1 gold resources and 4,354,000 oz of P2 gold resources. The planned acquisition of the Kopylovskoye deposit will when completed (given purchase of 100% of the deposit) initially add another approximately 240,000 oz of C1+C2 gold reserves.

CAG AB got publicly listed on the Swedish NGM Nordic Growth Market stock exchange on March 29, 2005. The number of shareholders was slightly more than 4,000 as per the end of June 2006.

Results – the Group

For the six month period ended June 30, 2006 the group reports a net result after tax of MSEK -12.71 (MSEK 0.44) which corresponds to SEK -0.055 per share (SEK 0.003). For the quarter April – June 2006 the net result after tax was MSEK -11.10 (MSEK 0.10) equalling EPS of SEK -0.048 (0.001).

Gold sales revenues were MSEK 1.21 during the reporting period (0), whereof everything during quarter April – June (0). In addition to that, a revenue component of MSEK 1.79 (MSEK 0.15) in the P/L-account relates to service income from the subsidiary OOO Mars, that offers transportation services, partly to external clients. Service income from OOO Mars was MSEK 1.17 during the second quarter of the reporting period (MSEK 0.15).

Operating costs amounting to MSEK 6.98 on the subsidiary level have been capitalised as mining permits during the six month period (MSEK 6.92), whereof MSEK 1.86 during the second quarter (MSEK 4.24).

Total operating costs in the group during the reporting period amounted to MSEK 16.14 (MSEK 8.49), whereof MSEK 9.26 pertains to the second quarter (MSEK 5.38).

Net financial items were MSEK -6.50 during the reporting period (MSEK +0.78), whereof MSEK -6.07 (MSEK +0.43) during the quarter April – June. The relatively big negative figure during the second quarter 2006 is explained by exchange rate losses in the parent company on a 10 MUSD payable booked in SEK at the end of March 2006 exchange rate, that was after the reporting period set-off through a directed rights issue of shares.

The tax cost for the six month period was MSEK -0.01 (MSEK +1.08) and the minority share of the net result was MSEK -0.04 (0).

It should be stressed that the subsidiary OOO Artelj Tyva as an alluvial gold producer is engaged in seasonal production of gold during the warm part of the year, that is during the period May – October.

Operations

Tardan

General overview

Tardan is a medium sized gold deposit that was privatised in a public auction in the summer of 2003. The Tardan officially established Russian reserves (C1/C2) and P1 resources, lastly updated in the early 1990ies, amount to 413,000 oz of gold. In addition, it is estimated to contain 4,354,000 oz of P2 gold resources (Russian classification standards). The appraisal work has so far only been conducted to a depth of some 100 m.

Some 30 ore bodies exist within a 3.3 square kilometre area of the license block 80 km to the East of the region's capital Kyzyl. The average gold grade of the reserves is 10.7 grams/tonne ("g/t").

A considerable exploration programme which involved core drilling, trenching and construction of underground drifts and shafts was carried out in the Soviet time and has in 2004 - 2006 been supplemented by new data gathering.

High grade ore bodies

The development programme in respect of the high grade gold ore bodies on the Tardan deposit continues according to plan. During the second quarter of 2006 the ground clearing works in respect of the four main ore bodies has continued.

The delivery of the new gravimetric processing plant has started, and the assembly work is right now going on. A lot of tasks need to be completed in order to keep the time table. Provided no significant delays occur, Central Asia Gold plans to commission the plant by year end 2006.

In parallel to the preparations for the gold production start on Tardan, continuous geologic work is being conducted. This is also a demand by the license agreement. Among other things, during the first eight months of this year some 1,650 m of core drilling has been completed, some 3,400 m³ of trenching has been carried out and 1,300 geochemical samples have been taken in the license area.

Low grade gold mineralization

Already in 2004 the geologists of Central Asia Gold started to look for possible reserve increase opportunities on the Tardan license block. The approach chosen was to confirm a large scale presence, and an economically feasible development plan, for the lower grade gold concentrations on Tardan. This is dependent on the fact that a review of historic data as well as of newly collected information shows that the gold on Tardan is distributed over wider areas of the license block than the so far established high grade ore bodies. So far the attention has been focused on the so called "Area 2" to the East of the high grade ore bodies 24 – 29. Here a more detailed analysis has been of an area of some 15,400 m². It is believed that this area alone may contain up to 10 tonnes (some 300,000 oz) of gold in the ground with a relatively low content (averaging some 2.28 g/t). As regards Area 2, one deep well and

numerous surface trenches were constructed in the Soviet times, and the ore body no 1 with recoverable reserves is located there. A lot of new data was gathered in 2005, partly via two surface trenches. The analysed data so far supports the hypothesis that there exist extractable gold ores with a relatively low gold grade within this particular area. A decision to launch the development programme for these lower grade gold assets can probably be expected in 2007.

Kopto

General

Together with the Kopto deposit followed an acquisition of a small processing plant built in the 1990ies. The plant was modified in summer 2005 and also in 2006, and currently has an ore processing capacity of some 3 tonnes/hour. The equipment comprises crushers, a roller mill, cyclones, separators and shaking tables for a gravimetric process. The number of employees on the Kopto base currently amounts to some 50 (in one shift). The employees in general work three weeks on/three weeks off. The Kopto plant is a small experimental unit, but has for Central Asia Gold during the first year of operations served as an experimental platform helping the organization to prepare for the production work on the Tardan deposit that is located not far away.

It should be highlighted that a first experimental small scale leaching unit has in summer 2006 been constructed on the Kopto site, and will now be commissioned within short. This is a preparatory step for introducing a full scale leaching facility on the Tardan deposit in 2007.

Production

During the first six months of 2006 some 7,700 tonnes of ore were processed, whereof 4,700 tonnes during the second quarter. That resulted in some 20 kg of high grade gold concentrates. In addition some 18.5 kg of gold concentrates were received via tailings interimistically stored in the tailings pond. During July – August 2006 another 10 kg of high grade gold concentrates were produced at Kopto.

Gold sales

During the period January – June 2006 some 7.36 kg of gold along with some residual silver was sold. Sales proceeds amounted to some 162,000 USD equalling more than 680 USD/oz. More gold has been sold after the end of the reporting period.

The placer deposit Sivo Pravy Uval

This placer deposit held by the subsidiary OOO GRK Tomano (“Tomano”) is located in the Buryatiya region of Russia, which borders to the Tyva region. It holds 19,000 oz of Russian C1 gold reserves.

Central Asia Gold in March 2005 concluded a joint venture agreement in respect of the future development programme of this project. The joint venture partner, the Russian company OOO GRK Oreol (“Oreol”) is the operator of the project, and shall secure the financing. So far no major development activity has yet been conducted on the license block.

The subsidiary gold placer producer Artelj Tyva

The subsidiary OOO Artelj Tyva produces gold from two gold placers, Bolshoy Agliyak and Maly Agliyak. Remaining official gold reserves C1/C2 according to the Russian State

Reserve Committee (GKZ) amounted to some 80,000 oz as at the beginning of 2006. The average gold grade in the gold containing sands is recorded at 0.95 g/m³.

As a placer gold producer, Artelj Tyva produces gold during the warm season of the year, that is during May – October. The gold production during the summer months was negatively impacted by severe water floodings in Northern China and Eastern Siberia. Tyva was one of the most severely affected Russian regions. The massive rains during this period made the ground on the Agliyak placer so flooded that the heavy excavators could not work during some 3 weeks. Thereby production was partly stalled for some time, but Artelj Tyva company management is now trying to catch up with this year's production plan. The gold production during the first half of the year (in reality during the month of June) amounted to 23 kg. During July – August another approximately 140 kg of gold has been produced. Given the production disturbance in June - July, and provided no further force majeure events occur, Artelj Tyva management believes full year gold production will amount to approximately 240 - 250 kg, which is in the lower range of the previously disclosed 2006 production plan of 250 - 300 kg. Last year 315 kg of gold was produced.

No gold sales were done in June, but instead in July, after the end of the reporting period, some 48 kg of gold were sold.

Investments, Liquidity and Financing

Net investments into material fixed assets and financial fixed assets during the reporting period amounted to MSEK 31.16 (MSEK 12.34). The figure for the second quarter was MSEK 24.36 (MSEK 7.32).

Cash on group accounts was MSEK 45.24 at the end of the reporting period (MSEK 24.83).

Employees

The group companies on average employed 390 persons during the first half of 2006, whereof 46 women and 344 men.

Share data and outstanding warrants

On the 2006 AGM on June 10 the shareholders approved an issue of 54,444,444 new shares directed at two prominent Norwegian investors paid through set-off of debt. This issue was however not registered with the registration authority ("Bolagsverket") until after the end of the reporting period. As at June 30, 2006 the number of shares outstanding therefore amounted to 236,752,479. Par value per share is SEK 0.20. All shares carry one vote and have equal rights to the company's assets and profits. As at the date of this report the number of shares outstanding is then 291,196,923. No more warrants are any longer outstanding.

Major events after the end of the reporting period

Decision to pursue the acquisition of a significant new Siberian gold deposit – the "Kopylovskoye" deposit

Central Asia Gold in the interim report for the first quarter 2006 informed that a letter of intent had been concluded in respect of the acquisition of a significant gold deposit in Siberia. This object has not yet been in production but has been subject to a relatively extensive appraisal programme. Initially this work was conducted during the Soviet period when a large amount of data was gathered on surface from surface trenches and surface holes as well as

from depth through drilled wells and one underground drift. Thereafter new appraisal work was initiated as from year 2000, when a new drilling programme amounting to more than 3,600 m was completed and when thousands of new samples were gathered.

The project called “Kopylovskoye” is located 120 km from the city Bodaibo some 880 km to the north-east of the city of Irkutsk. The established gold reserves have an average grade of some 3 g/t. The geologic structure of the project is relatively simple. The gold reserves as per early 2006 amount to 7.45 tonnes (some 240,000 oz) in the categories C1 + C2. In addition, The P1 resources amount to 10.37 tonnes (333,000 oz).

The reserves, though, have only been assigned to a limited part of the ore zone and only down to a depth of some 30 m. The gold project is of so called stockwork type and the ore bodies therefore continue in the depth dimension. In addition, the deposit is also fully open in the strike dimension. The deposit is located in the middle of a very prospective gold region of Russia, that historically has produced some 1,600 tonnes of gold according to the local information sources.

In the vicinity of the deposit a gravimetric enrichment plant has been constructed with a yearly processing capacity of some hundred thousand tonnes of ore, however has not yet been fully commissioned. This implies that bottle necks exist and that it must be modified in order to optimize the capacity. Certain other equipment also exists, such as living houses, power lines and drill rigs. Thus the infrastructure of the project is favourable. A road open all year connects the deposit with the city of Bodaibo. Also, the distance to the closest railroad junction is 300 km.

Central Asia Gold has during the summer months conducted a data verification programme involving the gathering of new primary data. Some 70 ore samples have been gathered from one new well as well as from new surface trenches. As of today some 40 analysed samples have been returned from the contracted laboratory. The received data fully support the official gold grade of the reserves. Central Asia Gold’s geologic department therefore sees big opportunities for creating a really significant large volume gold project here. By continuing down at depth and in strike, the gold reserves can be expected to increase a number of times. Also, the ore samples have been subject to a test enrichment programme. These test trials gave a 58% recovery ratio given only gravimetric processing, which is very satisfactory.

The price for 100% of the gold reserves has been determined to be 6 million USD (MUSD). For the total of the fixed assets the asked price is some 12 MUSD. Central Asia Gold will now sit down with the sellers and work out the final purchase agreement. The sellers have decided to keep a certain part of the project in order to have an exposure to the future appreciation of the project’s value, however they have not yet disclosed the desired percentage to retain. Central Asia Gold will, though, not acquire less than 75% + 1 share of the project company. Technically, the first step will be to acquire the gold reserves in a separate transaction. Thereafter, the fixed assets will be purchased after a review has been made of all the available equipment. This part of the transaction will therefore get completed over a period of time.

Central Asia Gold will inform about how the financing of the transaction will be arranged as soon as the purchase agreement has been finalized. The Board of Directors of Central Asia Gold believes that this acquisition is a very attractive deal for the group, that can be expected to generate significant shareholder value over the years to come.

Next report due

The next scheduled interim report is the report for the third quarter (Jan – Sept), that is due on November 29, 2006

Company information

The full name of the parent company is Central Asia Gold AB (publ). It is a joint stock company of the public type headquartered in Stockholm with Swedish registration number 556659-4833. The registered address is Brovägen 9, SE-182 76 Stocksund.

Central Asia Gold AB

org no 556659-4833

GROUP PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	3 months 2006-04-01	3 months 2005-04-01	6 months 2006-01-01	6 months 2005-01-01	12 months 2005-01-01
(all amounts in TSEK)	- 2006-06-30	- 2005-06-30	- 2006-06-30	- 2005-06-30	- 2005-12-31

Net sales	2 378	150	2 999	150	2 536
Capitalised costs	1 855	4 238	6 984	6 919	16 738
Dissolvement of negative goodwill	-	-	-	-	7 685
Total revenues	4 233	4 388	9 983	7 069	26 959
Operating costs					
Costs of goods sold	-467	-147	-467	-147	-748
External costs	-3 011	-2 757	-4 691	-4 134	-9 560
Salary related costs	-4 936	-2 220	-8 996	-3 884	-9 778
Depreciation	<u>-844</u>	<u>-258</u>	<u>-1 990</u>	<u>-329</u>	<u>-3 823</u>
	-9 258	-5 382	-16 144	-8 494	-23 909
Operating result	-5 025	-994	-6 161	-1 425	3 050
Net financial items	-6 067	431	-6 501	779	976
Result after net financial items	-11 092	-563	-12 662	-646	4 026
The period's tax cost	-6	667	-10	1 084	-7
Minority interest	-6	-	-41	-	-
Net result after tax for the period	-11 104	104	-12 713	438	4 019
Earnings per share before dilution, SEK	-0,048	0,001	-0,055	0,003	0,022
Earnings per share after dilution, SEK	-0,048	0,001	-0,055	0,003	0,021

Number of shares issued at period end	236 752 479	163 088 774	236 752 479	163 088 774	228 608 802
Average number of shares for the period	231 285 812	163 088 774	230 816 687	153 505 441	183 287 071
Average number of shares for the period after dilution	231 285 812	170 191 087	230 816 687	160 607 754	189 572 354

Central Asia Gold AB
org no 556659-4833

GROUP BALANCE SHEET (all amounts in TSEK)	June 30, 2006	June 30, 2005	Dec 31, 2005
ASSETS			
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible fixed assets	63 887	41 286	57 546
Tangible fixed assets	64 789	9 444	42 080
<i>Financial fixed assets</i>	4 611	1 569	2 718
Total fixed assets	133 287	52 299	102 344
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	27 584	1 587	9 207
Current receivables	21 247	8 311	10 360
Cash and bank	45 241	24 829	17 128
Total current assets	94 072	34 727	36 695
TOTAL ASSETS	227 359	87 026	139 039
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Total equity	181 370	82 669	117 376
Minority interest	295	-	51
Provisions	18 373	-	15 036
Current Liabilities	27 321	4 357	6 576
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	227 359	87 026	139 039
ASSETS PLEDGED			
Bank accounts	50	50	50
CONTINGENT LIABILITIES			
	-	-	-

Central Asia Gold AB

org no 556659-4833

GROUP CASHFLOW ANALYSIS

(All amounts in TSEK)

	Jan - June	Jan - June	Jan - Dec
	2006	2005	2005
Operating activities	-48	-1 095	-556
Paid/received interest and similar items	-6 510	411	-249
Cash flow from operations before changes in working capital	-6 558	-684	-805
<i>Changes in working capital</i>	-8 499	-8 748	-8 341
Net cash flow used in operating activities	-15 057	-9 432	-9 146
Net cashflow used in investing activities	-31 158	-12 338	-50 501
Net cash flow from financing activities	77 485	30 708	60 529
Increase in cash and bank	31 271	8 938	882
Cash and bank at the beginning of the period	17 128	15 522	15 522
Translation difference in cash and bank	-3 158	369	724
Cash and bank at the end of the period	45 241	24 829	17 128

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (GROUP)

(Expressed in TSEK)	Share capital	Restricted reserves	Non-restricted reserves	Total
Equity as at Dec 31, 2005	45 722	68 032	3 621	117 376
New rights issues	1 629	80 457		82 086
Rights issue costs		-4 601		-4 601
Translation difference			-778	-778
The net result for the period			-12 713	-12 713
Equity as at June 30, 2006	47 351	143 888	-9 870	181 370

KEY RATIOS	2006-06-30	2005-06-30	2005-12-31
Group			
Total assets, TSEK	227 360	87 026	139 039
Total equity, TSEK	181 370	82 669	117 376
Equity ratio, %	79,8%	95,00%	84,4%
Interest bearing debt, TSEK	10 566	no	no
Employees at period end	410	150	449
Per share data			
Earnings per share, SEK	-0,055	0,003	0,022
Equity per share (SEK) *)	0,766	0,507	0,513
Return on equity (%)	-8,51%	0,47%	4,7%

Key ratio definitions

Total assets, TSEK	Total assets at period end
Total equity, TSEK	Total equity at period end
Equity ratio, %	Total equity divided by total assets expressed as a percentage
Interest bearing debt, TSEK	Total interest bearing debt at the period end
Earnings per share	Net result after tax for the period divided by the average number of outstanding shares for the period before dilution
Equity per share (SEK) *)	Total equity at the period end divided by the total number of shares outstanding at the period end
Return on equity (%)	Net result after tax for the period divided by the average equity for the same period

*) As at June 30, 2006 the directed rights issue of 54,444,444 new shares paid by set-off of debt is still under registration. The capital contributed through the set-off transaction, though, is already included in group equity. If, therefore, adjusting for the new number of shares post the registration, which is 291,196,923, equity per share gets to SEK 0.623 as at period end.

Accounting principles

Group

As from financial year 2005, Central Asia Gold prepares its consolidated group accounts in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS, previously IAS). The group in this report applies the same accounting principles and calculation methods as in the most recent interim report and annual report. For a description of these principles, reference is being made to the latest interim report and annual report.

Segment information

The company's accounting is focused on the primary segments - geographic areas. These are defined as separate countries. The secondary segments are various kinds of minerals. For the time being, the group is active within gold production (as from Q1 2005) in one single country, Russia. Therefore no segment information is provided at this point in time.

Related party transactions

Security services

The Russian subsidiaries OOO Tardan Gold and OOO Artelj Tyva today purchase security services from the company OOO "Ochrannaya Firma Shtjit". This company is owned 60% by Michail Malyarenko. The pricing of the services is done at arm's length. During the first half of 2006 a total of 1,838 thousand roubles were paid in respect of such services (some TSEK 496).

Office rent

Part of the group's management and administration works in the city of Tomsk in Siberia. Here they rent office space in a building owned by Michail Malyarenko. A number of external companies also rent office space in this building. During the first half of 2006 the Central Asia Gold group has paid Tomsk office rent in an amount of 519 thousand roubles (some TSEK 140). This is the same office rent payable by external tenants in the building.

Management company

In order to optimize the cost for management services part of the central administration in the city of Tomsk has been separated into a special management company. This management company as at end of June 2006 comprised some 10 employees including Michail Malyarenko, legal staff, book-keepers, controllers, interpretists and logistics personnel. The aim of this measure is to reduce the administrative costs as the management company also will be able to offer services to external clients. Another aim is to get better a cost distribution base between the various group companies. The management company shall not be profit maximising. During the first quarter of 2006 the subsidiary OOO Tardan Gold paid in total 4 million roubles (some TSEK 1,081) in respect of management services from this company. These costs were previously represented by salary and other costs in respect of the own group staff. The owners of the management company are Central Asia Gold's two main owners Alexander Merko and Michail Malyarenko.

Construction co-ordination company

Central Asia Gold's subsidiaries are in order to minimize costs doing most of the heavy construction work themselves. This work now mainly consists of the construction of the new

Tardan gravimetric plant. However, in order to be allowed by the authorities to formally do this work with internal work force a responsible construction co-ordination company has to be appointed, that submits the official documentation and takes the responsibility for safety and other construction demands. In this case, Central Asia Gold's subsidiary OOO Tardan Gold has appointed the related company OOO KUPIR to lead the construction work and face the responsibility issue. Thereby part of the payments for the construction work flows through OOO KUPIR. This company is owned 100% by Michail Malyarenko and his family. During the first 6 months of 2006 construction work amounting to 9.25 million roubles (some MSEK 2.56) flowed through OOO KUPIR.

This report has not been subject to review by the company's auditors.

Stockholm, August 30, 2006

The Board of Directors of Central Asia Gold AB (publ)

For further information, please visit our website www.centralasiagold.se or contact Mr. Torbjörn Ranta, Managing Director, on telephone/fax +46 8 624 26 80, cell phone +46 708 85 55 04 or via email torbjorn.ranta@centralasiagold.se, address: Brovägen 9, SE-182 76 Stocksund, Sweden.

Central Asia Gold AB is a Swedish junior mining company focused on gold production and exploration in Russia and Mongolia in the central parts of Asia. The gold production was initiated in late January 2005 and the assets today encompass some 548,000 troy ounces (1 troy ounce = 31.1 g) of Russian gold reserves C1/ C2 and gold resources P1. CAG AB plans to reach a yearly production volume of at least 800 kg of gold (24,000 oz) as from the second half of 2007.

Cautionary Statement

Statements and assumptions made in this report with respect to Central Asia Gold AB's ("CAG") current plans, estimates, strategies and beliefs and other statements that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements about the future performance of CAG. Forward-looking statements include but are not limited to those using words such as "may", "might", "seeks", "expects", "anticipates", "estimates", "believes", "projects", "plans", "strategy", "forecast" and similar expressions. These statements reflect management's expectations and assumptions in light of currently available information. They are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to (i) changes in the economic, regulatory and political environments in the countries where CAG operates; (ii) changes as regards the geologic information available in respect of the various projects undertaken; (iii) CAG's continued ability to secure enough financing for carrying on its operations as a going concern; (iv) the success of its potential joint ventures and alliances if any; (v) exchange rates, particularly between the Russian rouble and the U.S. dollar. In light of the many risks and uncertainties surrounding any gold production and exploration company at an early stage of its development, the actual results could differ materially from those presented and forecast in this report. CAG assumes no unconditional obligation to immediately update any such statements and/or forecasts.